The Pyongyang Times

No. 22 (393) SATURDAY, MAY 27, 1972 PYONGYANG, DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung warmly shakes hands with Major General Mohamed Siad Barre

Classical Works of the Respected and Beloved Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Published in Many Foreign Countries in Honour of His 60th Birthday

Classical works of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Marxist-Leninist and the genius of revolution, have been published on an extensive scale in many countries of the world on the occasion of his 60th birthday.

All the books put out in those countries have the respectfully-placed portraits of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution.

The Publishing House of the Tricontinental People's Solidarity Organization in Cuba published in English a collection of immortal, classical works of Comrade Kim Il Sung under the title "For Victory of the Anti-Imperialist Revolutionary Cause."

The collection in two volumes contains the classical works of Comrade Kim Il Sung, such as "Let Us Intensify the Anti-Imperialist, Anti-U.S. Struggle," "Great Anti-Imperialist Revolutionary Cause of Asian, African and Latin-American Peoples Is Invincible," "Progressive Journalists of the Five Continents, Wield Your Powerful Revolutionary Pen and Sternly Condemn U.S. Imperialism," "The Present Situation and the Tasks of Our Party," "On Socialist Construction in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the South Korean Revolution," "The Democratic People's Republic of Korea Is the Banner of Freedom and Independence for Our People and the Powerful Weapon of Building Socialism and Communism," "Answers to the Questions Raised by the Delegation of the Democratic Youth League of Finland for the **Kansan Uutiset**, Central Organ of the Communist Party of Finland" and "The Great Idea of Lenin on the National Liberation Struggle in Colonies in the East Is Triumphing."

In its introductory note to the collection, the publishing house expressed the conviction that the tri-continental people will learn from the collection of immortal, classical works of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung the experiences which are of great significance in developing their struggle.

The "Bochica" Publishing House in Colombia put out three immortal, classical works of Comrade Kim Il Sung respectively in pamphlet form. The works are "On the Questions of the Period of Transition from Capitalism to Socialism and the Dictatorship of the Proletariat," "Theses on the Socialist Rural Question in Our Country" and "On Socialist Construction in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the South Korean Revolution."

The Uruguay-Korea Friendship and Cultural Association published in book form the immortal, classical works of Comrade Kim Il Sung—"On Socialist Construction in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the South Korean Revolution" and "For Correct Management of the Socialist Agriculture."

The immortal classical works of Comrade Kim Il Sung put out in book form by the Tamil Nadu State Committee of the Indian Communist Party are "On Eliminating Dogmatism and Formalism and Establishing *Juche* in Ideological Work," "Nationalization of Major Industries—the Foundation for Building an Independent, Sovereign State," "For Correct Management of the Socialist Agriculture," "On the Duty of Educational Workers in the Raising of Children and Young People" and "The Great Idea of Lenin on the National Liberation Struggle in Colonies in the East Is Triumphing."

Major General MOHAMED SIAD BARRE, President of the Supreme Revolutionary Council of the SDR, Arrives in Pyongyang to Pay State Visit to the DPRK on Invitation of the Respected and Beloved Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

On the invitation of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, Head of State and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Major General Mohamed Siad Barre, President of the Supreme Revolutionary Council of the Somali Democratic Republic, arrived in Pyongyang on May 18 by special plane to pay a state visit to our country.

President Mohamed Siad Barre is accompanied by Colonel Mohamed Sheikh Osman, Member of the SRC and Secretary of State for Public Works; Major Abdi Warsama Issak, Member of the SRC and the Presidential Advisory Board; Omar Arteh Ghalib, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs; Ahmed Mohamed Mohamoud, Secretary of State for Planning and Co-ordination; Dr. Ahmed Mohamed Darman, Ambassador of the SDR to the People's Republic of China; Abdullahi Saeed Osman, Chief State Counsel; Colonel Abdulhamid Ali Yusuf, Secretary General of the SRC; and others.

Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, was festively decorated in welcome attire. Working people of all walks of life, youths and students in the capital turned out to the streets and the airport carrying in their hands national flags of the two countries, bunches of flowers and beautiful balloons to welcome the guests.

Seen in the midst of a large welcoming crowd at the airport were a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the Korean people, and a portrait of President Mohamed Siad Barre, the outstanding Leader of the Somali people and a close friend of our people.

Floating high in the sky above the airport were big balloons, from which were suspended the letters "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live President Mohamed Siad Barre!" and national flags of Korea and Somalia. National flags of Korea and Somalia hoisted on the flag poles were fluttering in wind high in the azure sky of May.

The welcomers were carrying in their hands placards bearing the words "Warm welcome to His Excellency Major General Mohamed Siad Barre, President of the Supreme Revolutionary Council of the SDR!" "We express full support and firm solidarity for the just struggle of the Somali people for building a new life under the slogan of self-reliance!" "Long live friendship and solidarity between the Korean and Somali peoples!" and "Let us intensify the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle!"

With the arrival of the guests at hand the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, Head of State and Premier of the Cabinet of the DPRK, came to the airport.

Present at the airport were Comrades Kim Il, O Jin U, Kim Dong Gyu, So Chol, Chong Jun Taek and Li Gun Mo; Kang Ryang Uk, Vice-President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly and Chairman of the Central Committee of the North Korean Democratic Party; Pak Shin Dok, Member of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly and Chairman of the Central Committee of the Chondoist Chongu Party; and Paek Nam Un, Chairman of the Supreme People's Assembly. Also present there were Comrade Li Gye Baek, Vice-Chairman of the Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan, who is heading the congratulatory group of Koreans in Japan for celebrating the 60th birthday of the respected and beloved Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung, and

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The Respected and Beloved Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Receives Congratulatory Letters and Telegrams from Many Countries on His 60th Birthday

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the Korean people, received on the occasion of his 60th birthday congratulatory telegrams from the Cuban Organizing Committee of Solidarity with the Korean People; the Nepal-Korea Friendship Association; the Central Executive Committee of the Burma-Korea Friendship Association; Professor Howard L. Fasonz, Chairman, and Joseph Brand, Executive Secretary, of the American-Korean Friendship and Information Centre; the residents of the "Village Korea" in Barali District, Khartoum, the Sudan; the members of the "Study Group of the Great Revolutionary Idea, the *Juche* Idea, of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of the African students studying in Europe; the members of the "Study Group of the Great *Juche* Idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of the Latin-American students studying in Europe; the Chairman of the "Study Group of the *Juche* Idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung" in the Union of Burma; head of the "Academic Study Group of the Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" in the Union of Burma; the members of the "Committee for Translating the Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" in the Union of Burma; the members of the "Publishing and Printing House of the Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" in the Union of Burma; Christina Kilander, head of the "Study Group of the Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of the Stockholm University in Sweden; Abdel Malik Mohammed, Chairman of the "Committee for Study of the Ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of the Palestinian students; Kari Vita Fohia, Chairman, and Litva Lina Haimila, General Secretary, of the "Study Group of the Works of Premier Kim Il Sung" of the Tampere University in Finland; Hirani Yaratsta, Chairman of the "Committee for Study of the Great *Juche* Idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung" in Nepal; Kamil Sedat, chief of the "Study Group of the Ever-Victorious *Juche* Idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of the Turkish workers and students in Austria, on behalf of its members; the members of the "Study Group of the Ever-Victorious *Juche* Idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung" in Luxemburg; Kamal Zumblat, Chairman of the Socialist Progressive Party of Lebanon; the Popular Revolutionary Vanguard of Brazil; Abu Issam, Representative of the Permanent Mission of the National Liberation Movement of Palestine in Mauritania; John Baphiades (United States) and Madawan Ajuran (India), Representatives of the World Federation of Trade Unions; and Gbagidi Hajin, Representative of the General Union of Workers of Dahomey to the World Federation of Trade Unions.

Comrade Kim Il Sung received congratulatory letters and telegrams from Johanna Groteboll; Daeinio Deireinjo, Mayor of Turku of Finland; Dr. Rudolf Bleck, Chairman of the Historians Union of the Republic of Austria; the members of Beitlmali May Youth Unit in Omdurman City, Khartoum Province; Samira Ismail, Chairman of the Aldium Al Sharkiya Branch of the Sudan Socialist Women's Union, on behalf of the women of the branch; Dr. Mohamed Saber, Professor of Cairo University; the members of the "Academic Association of the Public Thinkers" in Pakistan; the students of the Republic of Equatorial Guinea studying in Guinea; the Chairman of Executive Committee, and General Secretary, of the Students Union of the Tampere University in Finland; the members of the "Students Union of the Mechanical Engineering College" in West Pakistan; the Black African Students Federation in France; a journalists group of Finland; Berianti Sabollainen, Editor-in-Chief, and the editorial staff members of the **Aibilshi**, students' paper in Tampere, Finland; the Hermontan Machine Production and Export Company Ltd. in Austria; the Americans Association in Cuba; R.M. Surichev and S. Durant, U.S. soldiers; Roque Dalton, a revolutionary of Salvador; Bi Hassan, Captain of the Pakistan ship "Jeleum"; Captain Junryo Nakata and the crew of the ship "Azumasan-Maru" of the Fuji Steamship Company Ltd.; Captain Shigeru Kobs and the crew of the ship "Eiyo-Maru" belonging to the Hachiyo Steamship Company Ltd.; and Captain Yoshio Hagibara on behalf of the entire crew of the Japanese ship "Kinsei-Maru" No. 13.

The congratulatory message to the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung sent from Roque Dalton, a revolutionary of Salvador, points out:

On the occasion of your 60th birthday I have the honour to send this congratulatory message laden with our revolutionary greetings to you, in the name of the Salvadoran revolutionary people, workers, peasants and students who are fighting imperialism and domestic reactionaries, in the name of the revolutionaries who are illegally or legally struggling for national liberation and progress and in the name of all people of both sexes in our country who thirst for a nice future of their sons and daughters.

The history of the revolutionary struggle to which you have been devoting yourself throughout your life is a history of the struggle of the Korean people for the national liberation and for the socialist and communist construction.

The full study of the history of your revolutionary struggle helps widening the mental vision of the revolutionaries the world over.

The Salvadoran revolutionaries, too, are convinced that the history of the achievements you have attained without letup in the whole course of your 60-year-long life, "one of the most beautiful histories a revolutionary serving the cause of socialism is able to write," as Comrade Fidel Castro Ruz said, constitutes the strength which illumines our path ahead and encourages us.

On the occasion of your 60th birthday, we offer the warmest felicitations and honour to you, the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, a great man who liberated the country by organizing and leading the anti-Japanese armed struggle and opened up the path for the socialist revolution in the Korean revolution, a Marxist-Leninist who taught all the revolutionaries in the world the unique and bold way of founding a Party of working class to suit the concrete conditions of their countries, the Supreme Commander of the armed people who brought the most barbarous U.S. imperialist aggressors, ringleader of modern imperialism, to their knees and the only great Leader of the Korean people who are carrying out the revolutionary tasks for the construction of socialism in the northern half, withdrawal of the Yankee aggressors from South Korea and reunification of the country and for the nation-wide victory of the Korean revolution, and we sincerely wish you good health and a long life for the Korean people and the whole progressive mankind.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung poses for a photograph with the delegation of the Japan National Socialist Mayors Association after receiving it

The Respected and Beloved Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Receives Delegation of Japan National Socialist Mayors Association

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, Head of State and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received on May 14 the delegation of the Japan National Socialist Mayors Association.

Present on the occasion were head of the delegation Ichio Asukata, Mayor of Yokohama, Kanagawa Prefecture; deputy head of the delegation Tsukumo Sakata, Mayor of Tagawa, Fukuoka Prefecture; members of the delegation Masao Yoshida, Mayor of Kameda, Hokkaido; Tadao Kanazawa, Mayor of Yamagata, Yamagata Prefecture; Chifuyu Masaki, Mayor of Kamakura, Kanagawa Prefecture; Ichihei Koyama, Mayor of Ueda, Nagano Prefecture; and Issei Inoue, Mayor of Setsu, Osaka Prefecture; and suite members of the delegation.

On hand were Yun Gi Bok, Chairman of the Pyongyang City People's Assembly and Vice-Chairman of the Korean Society for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries, and Kim Gwan Sop, Vice-Chairman of the Korean Society for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung had a friendly conversation with the guests.

The Respected and Beloved Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Arranges Luncheon in Honour of Delegation of Japan National Socialist Mayors Association

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, Head of State and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, arranged on May 14 a luncheon in honour of the delegation of the Japan National Socialist Mayors Association.

Invited to the luncheon were head of the delegation Ichio Asukata, Mayor of Yokohama, Kanagawa Prefecture; deputy head of the delegation Tsukumo Sakata, Mayor of Tagawa, Fukuoka Prefecture; members of the delegation Masao Yoshida, Mayor of Kameda, Hokkaido; Tadao Kanazawa, Mayor of Yamagata, Yamagata Prefecture; Chifuyu Masaki, Mayor of Kamakura, Kanagawa Prefecture; Ichihei Koyama, Mayor of Ueda, Nagano Prefecture; and Issei Inoue, Mayor of Setsu, Osaka Prefecture; and suite members of the delegation and newsmen.

On hand were Yun Gi Bok, Chairman of the Pyongyang City People's Assembly and Vice-Chairman of the Korean Society for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries, and Kim Gwan Sop, Vice-Chairman of the Korean Society for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries.

The luncheon proceeded in a cordial atmosphere.

In company with the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President Mohamed Siad Barre reviews a guard of honour of three services of the Korean People's Army

Labour innovators present bunches of fragrant flowers to the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and President Mohamed Siad Barre

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members of the congratulatory group.

Among those present at the airport were Foreign Minister Ho Dam and other Ministers of the Cabinet, cadres of government bodies and working people's organizations, generals of the People's Army and responsible personages of science, education, culture, art and the press.

Diplomatic envoys of various countries in Pyongyang were also present there.

The special plane carrying the guests escorted by a formation of pursuit planes of the air force of the Korean People's Army appeared in the sky above the airport and slowly touched down at 11:30 a.m.

President Mohamed Siad Barre alighted from the plane, responding to the enthusiastic cheers of the crowds.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung warmly shook hands with President Mohamed Siad Barre.

Little girls presented bouquets of fragrant flowers to the distinguished guests from Somalia in token of friendship.

President Mohamed Siad Barre and his entourage were accompanied by Kwak Chol Su, Ambassador of our country to the Somali Democratic Republic, and Li in Chun, Chief of Protocol of the Foreign Ministry, from Peking.

A grand function took place at the airport in welcome of Major General Mohamed Siad Barre, President of the Supreme Revolutionary Council of the SDR.

The band struck up the national anthem of Somalia and the Patriotic Song of our country and a 21 gun salute was fired.

In company with the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President Mohamed Siad Barre reviewed a guard of honour of the three armed services of the Korean People's Army.

After the welcoming function was over, President Mohamed Siad Barre, accompanied by the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, passed before the crowds, responding to their enthusiastic cheers, and got on a car and headed for the city amid the warm welcome of the crowds.

Hundreds of thousands of working people in the capital of revolution enthusiastically welcomed the good will envoy of the Somali people along a 6 km-long route.

Respectfully put up in various places of the city welcoming the guests were a portrait of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and a portrait of Major General Mohamed Siad Barre.

Seen in the streets were welcoming slogans and colourful decorations.

The street was crowded with gaily dressed working people of all walks of life, youth and students who turned out with pennants, flowers and balloons in their hands.

As a car carrying Comrade Kim Il Sung and Major General Mohamed Siad Barre reached Ryonmotdong, the door to the streets of Pyongyang, the welcoming crowd broke into rousing cheers of *manse* (hurrah), rocking the earth and sky and the scene turned into a veritable sea of pennants and flowers.

Amid the loud strain of welcome music women labour innovators presented bouquets of fragrant flowers to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, whom they always adore deep in their hearts, and to Major General Mohamed Siad Barre who has come to Korea carrying the profound feelings of friendship of the Somali people towards the Korean people.

As the motorcade carrying the guests began to slowly move for the main street of the city with an open car carrying Comrade Kim Il Sung and Major General Mohamed Siad Barre in the van, multi-coloured balloons soared into the azure sky. Thousands of multi-coloured tapes and confetti were thrown upon the motorcade.

The merry songs of our country and Somalia rising from loudspeakers further accentuated the festive mood.

Amid the warm welcome of the workers raising cheers and waving pennants and flowers high above their heads the motorcade reached the Ryonghung rotary where a flower-decorated tower was erected and a column of Young Pioneers was lined for the occasion.

The motorcade came to a stop before the Hill Mansudae where towers high the Chollima Statue symbolic of the stamina of heroic Korea.

There little girls and girl students presented bouquets of fragrant flowers to the respected and beloved Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung and Major General Mohamed Siad Barre.

The benevolent fatherly Leader and His Excellency Major General President responded to the cheers of the pennants and flowers-waving crowds by raising their hands.

The motorcade arrived at the Changjon crossroads threading its way through the Chollima riders who were dancing with flower baskets, bunches of flowers, small drums and fans. There the guests saw a huge board carrying the picture of a beautiful rainbow symbolizing friendship between our country and Somalia and were overcome with the joy of visiting Chollima Korea.

The welcoming crowds, their hearts burning with a single determination to reunify the country after chasing the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the sworn enemy, out of the southern land, were holding slogans reading: "Independent reunification." They showered confetti upon the guests, raising cheers.

Read on the faces of the crowds enthusiastically welcoming the good will envoy of the Somali people was the firm conviction that the current visit of Major General Mohamed Siad Barre would greatly help towards further strengthening and developing the relations of friendship and cooperation established between the two peoples in the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. joint struggle.

The motorcade carrying the Somali guests left the Changjon crossroads and headed for the guest house along the River Taedong-gang amid the welcome of the crowd who were presenting the national flags of the two countries and letters with the formation of flowers.

Major General MOHAMED SIAD BARRE, President of the SDR Supreme Revolutionary Council, Stays in Our Country

Courtesy Call

On May 18 Major General Mohamed Siad Barre, President of the Supreme Revolutionary Council of the Somali Democratic Republic, paid a courtesy call on the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, Head of State and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung had a fraternal and friendly talk with President Mohamed Siad Barre.

Welcome Banquet

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung arranged a grand banquet in honour of President Mohamed Siad Barre at the Mansudae Assembly Hall on the evening of May 18.

When the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, in company with President Mohamed Siad Barre, appeared in the banquet hall amid the loud strains of welcome music, all the attendants rose to their feet and warmly greeted them with thunderous applause.

The national anthem of Somalia and the Patriotic Song of our country were played at the banquet.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and President Mohamed Siad Barre made speeches at the banquet.

The banquet proceeded in a cordial atmosphere overflowing with the feelings of fraternal friendship.

It was rounded off with an art performance.

Return Call

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung paid a return call on President Mohamed Siad Barre on May 19.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung had a fraternal and friendly conversation with President Mohamed Siad Barre.

Talks

Talks were held in Pyongyang on May 19 between the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, Head of State and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Major General Mohamed Siad Barre, President of the Supreme Revolutionary Council of the Somali Democratic Republic.

Present at the talks on our side were Kim Il, First Vice-Premier; General O Jin U, Chief of the General Staff of the Korean People's Army; Chong Jun Taek, Vice-Premier; Ho Dam, Minister of Foreign Affairs; Kong Jin Tae, Chairman of the Committee for Foreign Economic Relations; Kim Gyong Ryon, Minister of Finance; and Kwak Chol Su, Ambassador of our country to the Somali Democratic Republic.

Present on the Somali side were Colonel Mohamed Sheikh Osman, Member of the Supreme Revolutionary Council and Secretary of State for Public Works; Major Abdi Warsama Issak, Member of the SRC and the Presidential Advisory Board; Omar Arteh Ghalib, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs; Ahmed Mohamed Mohamoud, Secretary of State for Planning and Co-ordination; Dr. Ahmed Mohamed Darman, Ambassador of the Somali Democratic Republic to the People's Republic of China; Abdullahi Saeed Osman, Chief State Counsel; and Colonel Abdulhamid Ali Yusuf, Secretary General of the SRC.

Views were exchanged at the talks on the question of further strengthening and developing the relations of friendship and cooperation between the two countries and a series of questions of common concern.

The talks proceeded in a fraternal and friendly atmosphere.

Appreciation of Art Performance

On May 19, the Pibada (Sea of Blood) opera troupe performed at the Pyongyang Grand Theatre the revolutionary opera "A Sea of Blood," based on the immortal classical drama "A Sea of Blood," in honour of President Mohamed Siad Barre.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung saw the performance with President Mohamed Siad Barre.

When the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, in company with President Mohamed Siad Barre, appeared in the box amidst the resounding welcome music, all the audience rose from their seats simultaneously and warmly greeted them with enthusiastic cheers of *manse* (hurrah) and thunderous applause that shook the hall.

The performance won great admiration of the guests and the audience for its rich ideological contents and high artistic value.

When the performance was over, President Mohamed Siad Barre, together with the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, mounted the stage amid the theatre-rocking, loud acclamations and presented a basket of flowers to the performers in congratulation of their successful performance and then posed for a photograph with them.

A Visit to the Central Industrial and Agricultural Exhibition

President Mohamed Siad Barre and his party called at the Central Industrial and Agricultural Exhibition on May 19.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was with the guests making a round of the exhibition.

The Somali guests looked attentively at the exhibits and expressed their deep impressions of the successes scored by our people in the building of the independent national economy of the country.

A Call at the Red Flag Mangyongdae Revolution School

President Mohamed Siad Barre and his party visited the Red Flag Mangyongdae Revolution School on May 20.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung accompanied the guests.

At the school, formalities were held to welcome Major General Mohamed Siad Barre, President of the Supreme Revolutionary Council of the Somali Democratic Republic.

Looking around the school, the guests showed deep interest in its educational facilities.

Also, they saw the ball-firing practice of students at the shooting range.

Each time the students hit the target, the guests warmly applauded, congratulating them on their successful shooting, and expressed high appreciation of the fine marksmanship.

Inspection of the Mangyongdae Chicken Factory

President Mohamed Siad Barre and his entourage inspected the Mangyongdae Chicken Factory on May 20.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung accompanied them.

The guests saw with deep attention the production processes of the factory which has become a modern, large-scale one with an annual capacity of 100 million chicken eggs thanks to the personal guidance and warm care of the fatherly Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Mass Display Appreciated

The mass display "Under the Banner of the Workers' Party," a People's Prize laureate, was performed at the Moranbong Stadium on May 20 to welcome President Mohamed Siad Barre.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung saw it together with President Mohamed Siad Barre.

Respectfully placed on the rostrum of the stadium was a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of our Party and the Korean people and a great Marxist-Leninist, and a portrait of President Mohamed Siad Barre, the outstanding Leader of the Somali people and a close friend of our people.

The portraits were flanked by the slogans with the words: "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the Korean people!", and "Long live Major General Mohamed Siad Barre, President of the Supreme Revolutionary Council of the Somali Democratic Republic!"

When the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, in company with President Mohamed

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Working people in Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, enthusiastically welcome the goodwill envoy of the Somali people

Korean People Heartily Rejoice Over All the Successes the Brotherly Somali People Have Attained in the Struggle to Build a Free and Happy, New Society Displaying a High Degree of Revolutionary Spirit

Speech of Premier KIM IL SUNG

at Banquet

Your Excellency esteemed Major General Mohamed Siad Barre,

Esteemed and distinguished guests from Somalia,

Comrades and friends,

We are very happy today to get together with Your Excellency Major General Mohamed Siad Barre, President of the Supreme Revolutionary Council of the Somali Democratic Republic, a prominent figure of the national liberation movement in Africa and our intimate friend, and other guests from Somalia in such an atmosphere overflowing with the feelings of friendship in Pyongyang, the capital of our country.

First of all I would like to warmly welcome Comrade Mohamed Siad Barre and your party in the name of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people.

Today our people have received the distinguished guests from far-off Somalia with joy and warm feelings of fraternal friendship.

The fervent welcome of our people to you is a powerful demonstration of the friendship and solidarity between the two peoples of Korea and Somalia.

Somalia is a country very friendly to us as a newborn independent state which has cut off the chains of colonialism and embarked on the road of creating a new life in Africa.

The Somali people have fought for national liberation for a long period.

The victory of the October 21 Revolution in 1969 and the proclamation of the Somali Democratic Republic were an important event which opened a new era in the history of the Somali people.

Holding high the banner of anti-imperialism and independence the Somali people under the correct leadership of the Supreme Revolutionary Council with their outstanding Leader His Excellency Major General Mohamed Siad Barre as its President, have already made great progress in a short span of time after the revolution in the struggle to destroy the old ruling machine and set up a new progressive socio-political system, repulsing the uninterrupted subversive and sabotaging manoeuvres of the imperialists and the domestic reactionary forces.

While advancing towards socialism, the Somali people are now fighting vigorously to develop the national economy and national culture on the principle of self-reliance and achieve the complete reunification of their divided country.

In the field of foreign relations, too, the Government of the Somali Democratic Republic is resolutely struggling against imperialism, colonialism and racism and for the complete liberation and unity of Africa and actively supporting and encouraging the struggle of the peoples of all countries against the imperialists headed by U.S. imperialism.

The Korean people follow with keen interest the just struggle unfolded by the brotherly Somali people to build a free and happy, new society, bravely surmounting all difficulties arising in the early stage of revolution with a high degree of revolutionary spirit, and heartily rejoice over all their successes.

Our experiences have convinced us of the truth that a country, however backward it might have been in the past, can develop itself rapidly if it establishes *Juche* and rallies its popular masses to fight on resolutely, without fearing any difficulties.

Convinced that the Government and people of the Somali Democratic Republic will win greater victory in the future on the correct road of their own choice, we render full support and militant encouragement to their revolutionary policies and just struggle.

Comrades and friends,

Today the downfall of imperialism and the victory of socialism and national liberation revolution are an irresistible trend of our time. But the imperialists refuse to recede from the arena of history of their own accord.

The deeper the imperialists fall into a difficult position, the more craftily and viciously they intensify aggression and war manoeuvres, pursuing a double-dealing policy under the signboard of "peace."

Of late the U.S. imperialists have sealed off all ports of North Viet Nam and perpetrated barbarous bombings and bombardment of all areas of the Democratic Republic of Viet Nam including its capital of Hanoi, thereby escalating their war of aggression in Viet Nam with added frenzy.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea strongly condemns this fresh manoeuvre of U.S. imperialism for war escalation not only as an intolerable burglarious encroachment upon the sovereignty and security of the Vietnamese people but also as a direct arrogant challenge to the socialist countries and the peace-loving peoples of the whole world.

The obtaining situation demands that the socialist countries, the Asian, African and Latin-American countries and all the anti-imperialist, anti-war forces of the world should pool their strength to support and assist more actively the fighting Vietnamese and Indochinese peoples and take decisive measures to check and smash the reckless manoeuvres of the imperialists for war escalation.

We strongly hold that the U.S. imperialists must take their blood-stained hands off Viet Nam and Indochina at once and solemnly declare once again that we are fully ready to take any measures necessary for supporting the just struggle of the fraternal Vietnamese, Cambodian and Laotian peoples against U.S. aggression and for national salvation.

Today the U.S. imperialists have stretched out their crooked hands of aggression to Asia, Near and Middle East, Africa, Latin America and everywhere in the world.

In an attempt to keep Africa as a colonial continent, the imperialists and colonialists are perpetrating direct armed suppression, committing incessant acts of sabotage and subversion in the already independent countries and leaving no stone unturned to catch the peoples of those countries in a noose of neo-colonialism.

We avail ourselves of this opportunity to express firm militant solidarity with the struggle of the peoples of Guinea (Bissau), Angola, Mozambique, South Africa, Zimbabwe and Namibia against imperialism, colonialism and racism and for freedom and liberation and with the just struggle of all the African peoples for the complete liberation and unity of Africa.

We also actively support the just struggle of the Palestinian people and other Arab peoples against U.S. imperialism and the Israeli aggressors and for restoring the usurped Arab land and the just struggle of the Cuban people and all other Latin-American peoples against U.S. imperialism.

The Korean people regard the support to the struggle of those peoples who fight against imperialism precisely as support to their own cause of liberation.

Under the leadership of our Party our people have brilliantly carried out the historic task of socialist industrialization and, on this basis, are now waging a dynamic struggle to step up socialist construction in the northern half of the Republic, force the U.S. imperialist aggression army to withdraw from south Korea, frustrate the reinvasion schemes of Japanese militarism and achieve the independent, peaceful reunification of the country.

The Government and people of the Somali Democratic Republic always support and encourage in all sincerity the just cause of the Korean people for the independent peaceful reunification of the country, at the United Nations and various other international arenas.

For this I offer my deep thanks today to Comrade Mohamed Siad Barre and the Government and people of the Somali Democratic Republic.

Esteemed Somali guests,

Korea and Somalia are far apart from each other geographically but the peoples of our two countries are closely interlinked as very intimate friends and brothers through the common struggle against imperialism and colonialism and for building a new society.

The Korean people feel very much pleased with their relations of friendship and cooperation with the Somali people expanding and developing as the days go by.

We are convinced that the current visit to our country by Your Excellency Mr. President of the Supreme Revolutionary Council of the Somali Democratic Republic will mark an epochal momentum in developing the present good relations between the two countries of Korea and Somalia onto a higher plane and make a great contribution to cementing the solidarity of the Asian and African peoples.

At this place overflowing with cordiality to welcome our close Somali comrades, I sincerely wish you fine results in the visit to our country and propose a toast,

to the prosperity and progress of the Somali Democratic Republic,

to the unbreakable militant friendship and solidarity between the Korean people and the Somali people,

to the solidarity among the Asian, African and Latin-American peoples and the progressive peoples the world over,

to the health of Your Excellency esteemed Major General Mohamed Siad Barre,

to the health of the distinguished guests from Somalia,

to the health of diplomatic representatives of various countries and their wives and

to the health of all comrades and friends present here.

Somali People Invariably Support the Korean People in Their Struggle to Reunify the Country on the Basis of Self-Determination

Speech of President MOHAMED SIAD BARRE

at Banquet

Respected Comrade Kim Il Sung, Head of State and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea,

Comrades and friends,

I wish to express my sincere and heartfelt gratitude for the warm and tumultuous reception given to us by Your Excellency, Government and people of Korea since we set our feet on your great and beautiful country. If such a reception accorded to us by the Korean people portrays anything, it confirms the strong bonds of fraternal relations which exist between our two socialist countries and peoples.

I would like to take this opportunity to convey to Your Excellency and through you to the courageous Korean people the fraternal greetings and messages of best wishes and goodwill from the members of the Supreme Revolutionary Council, the Government and people of the Somali Democratic Republic.

Because of the intermittent exchange of visits and contacts which characterized our relations since the inception of the blessed Somali revolution, the Somali people feel that Pyongyang is not far a distance from us as it is geographically. This clearly shows that the establishment of friendly relations with determination and goodwill between our two countries transcends frontiers and overwhelms geographical barriers. The net result of our exchange of visits and contacts in addition to the political, economic and cultural cooperation is that the stage of the bilateral relations between our two countries reached a point whereby nothing can disrupt or disturb our sincere understanding and co-operation in all fields.

The Somali people have gained invaluable experience from their frequent visits to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in the fields of self-reliance and national reconstruction. Indeed, the Somali delegations who have been visiting your country for sometime now have brought with them vivid memories and ever reminiscent impressions of the miraculous achievements of the hard-working Korean people under the wise and dynamic leadership and guidance of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the Leader of all Korean people.

On behalf of my comrades and myself, I would like to express our heartfelt gratitude to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the Government and people of Korea for generously availing us of this opportunity to visit your country to share with you, your invaluable experience in nation-building which will assist us in our endeavour for the development of our country.

Indeed, the "team work spirit" and many other ideas and theories such as *Juche* philosophy, all based on socialism, are eternal asset to enlighten us and set out goals for political and economic independence and national reconstruction.

Comrades,

I wish to congratulate the Korean people on the great leadership which they have in the person of my comrade-in-arms His Excellency Kim Il Sung enjoying the consolidated and vehement support and backing of the Koreans themselves, the fruits of which are reaped by the Koreans in successful reconstruction of economy and the creation of coherent society.

Although Korea and Somalia are situated in two different continents, yet our two peoples have many things in common. In the first place both our respective peoples have been divided by imperialists. Secondly, we have common historical experience of imperialist oppression and exploitation. We have also taken socialism as our philosophy, as an instrument of economic and social progress, and as a weapon in the struggle against imperialist designs aimed at exploitation of man by man. All these common denominations between our two countries and peoples should make all the more easier for full understanding and harmony in our relations.

In our socialist revolutions, all our efforts are directed at the formation of a society based on the right of work and on the principle of social justice, considering the environment and social life of the Somali people. As experience throughout the world has proved that capitalism cannot create a society based on social justice, the revolutionary Somali and Korean peoples have embraced scientific socialism as the most human philosophy through which rapid economic progress could be realised and at the same time a just society free from exploitation could be established and where all means of production are placed in the hands of the majority and fairly distributed amongst the masses.

In choosing scientific socialism as our system, we in Somalia have created enemies but the Somali masses are determined to shape their own destiny and fight relentlessly against imperialist intrigues and reactionary forces.

Comrades,

We are aware that the evil forces of imperialism have divided the Korean people and committed even direct aggression in order to smother the then nascent Korean socialist revolution, but all their efforts were doomed to failure due to the determination and wise leadership of my comrade-in-arms Kim Il Sung and the courage of the Korean people who, imbued with political maturity under guidance of an efficient Party organization, were prepared to sacrifice their lives to defend the principles of socialism and safeguard the sovereignty and independence of their country.

As I have said earlier, our two countries were divided by imperialist and colonialist forces. In our part of the world, the colonialists have divided the Somali people into five parts, two of which have attained their independence and formed the present Somali Democratic Republic after a bitter struggle against colonialist forces. As for the remaining missing Somali territories, we shall continue in our quest for complete national unity by peaceful means and through negotiations within the context of African brotherhood. With regard to French Somaliland, we have already approached the French government and we shall continue in our endeavour to seek the granting of independence to that territory as has been the case in the former French colonies in Africa.

In accordance with our fraternal solidarity with the people of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Supreme Revolutionary Council, the Government and the people of the Somali Democratic Republic continue to support the unification of the Korean people on the basis of self-determination. We are opposed to the stationing of foreign forces in Korea under any pretexts whatsoever and call for their immediate withdrawal. Furthermore, we are strongly convinced that the so-called United Nations Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea should be dismantled for it does not serve any useful purpose and that the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea should be invited to present the case of the Korean people at the United Nations as matter of their inalienable right. The Somali people have actively made clear its views on these matters at the United Nations and in other international platforms. We shall always continue to be a spearhead for the realization of international recognition of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to occupy its rightful place in the world.

The continuing colonial domination over certain parts of Africa is a matter which does not only constitute a threat to the maintenance of peace in the African continent but is also a flagrant usurpation of the inherent fundamental right of peoples to freedom and independence. Of late, the enemies of the African and Asian peoples have intensified their hostile activities, and imperialist manoeuvres against African and Asian countries. **Despite imperialist chicanery and machinations the irresistible will and determination of Afro-Asian peoples to liberate themselves from colonial bondage can never be overcome.**

In the Middle East, Israel, with the blessing of imperialist powers, continues to occupy Arab lands in defiance with United Nations resolutions. We fully support the withdrawal of the Israeli forces from all occupied Arab territory and call for the restoration of the inalienable right of Palestinian people.

The Somali Democratic Republic as an active member of OAU liberation community is grateful to the support which the Government and people of your country give to the liberation struggle of African people languishing under colonial and racial subjugation. While the imperialists, colonialists and racialists are continuing their aggression and oppression against the African and Asian peoples, it is incumbent upon the freedom and peace-loving countries to extend all possible assistance to the valiant people struggling for their freedom and independence in Africa and Asia.

The pressing problems now obtaining in Africa and Asia make imperative for all socialist forces to co-operate more closely and consolidate their efforts in their common struggle against imperialism, colonialism and neo-colonialism.

In this context, I would like to mention that the Somali Government and people fully support the struggle of the peoples in Indochina and call for the immediate cessation of the American imperialist aggressions and demand the unconditional withdrawal of all the American and allied troops from Viet Nam, Cambodia, and Laos. We fully recognize the Provisional Revolutionary Government of South Viet Nam and consider Prince Sihanouk as the legitimate Head of State of Cambodia.

In conclusion, our common revolutionary objectives and aspirations and the common experiences of oppression, division and exploitation to which we have been subjected, necessitate our full co-operation in all fields and demand us to be alert and jealously guard our achievements and our blessed socialist revolutions.

May I now propose a toast to the unshakable militant friendship and solidarity between Somali and Korean peoples,

to the health of His Excellency Kim Il Sung, Head of State and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea,

to the health of diplomatic representatives and their wives and

to the health of all comrades and friends present here.

(Continued from Page 2)

Siad Barre, appeared on the rostrum amidst the playing of a grand welcome music, the performers of the mass display and the spectators all stood up and enthusiastically welcomed them, sending up the rousing cheers of *manse* and waving high over their heads the flags of both countries and bunches of flowers.

Little girls presented bunches of fragrant flowers to the respected and beloved father Marshal Kim Il Sung and to President Mohamed Siad Barre and other distinguished Somali guests and all the members of the platform party.

At the moment, on the background of the mass display were unfolded the letters reading: "Warm welcome to President Mohamed Siad Barre!"

And the background was adorned with a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, and a portrait of President Mohamed Siad Barre and with the slogans: "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!" "Long live President Mohamed Siad Barre!" and "Long live the friendship and solidarity between the Korean and Somali peoples!"

Then, the mass display began.

It was highly acclaimed by the guests and the spectators for its profound politico-ideological contents and high artistic value and for its striking organizational feature and good discipline.

At the end of the mass display, the background wrote the letters reading: "Long live the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live President Mohamed Siad Barre!" and presented the unfurled flags of Korea and Somalia and a scene of rainbow symbolizing the friendship between the peoples of the two countries.

The whole stadium shook with tumultuous cheers of *manse*, swept by waves of colourful bouquets.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and President Mohamed Siad Barre raised high their interlocked hands in response to the enthusiastic cheers of the masses.

The performers of the mass display and the spectators sang in chorus the song "Long Life and Good Health to the Leader" and the Somali song "Our Great Leader."

The mass display was pervaded with the feelings of firm solidarity and fraternal friendship formed between the peoples of our country and Somalia through the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. joint struggle.

Great Victory of the Musan Area Battle Will Shine Forever in the History of National-Liberation Struggle in Korea

— A Visit to the Old Battlefield in the Musan Area —

The battle in the Musan area fought in May 1939 under the command of the great Leader of the revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung, along with the Pochonbo battle in June 1937, was one of the offensive operations in the homeland that holds a brilliant place in the history of 15-year long anti-Japanese armed struggle.

A few days ago I visited the old battlefield in the Musan area where immortal battle feats had been performed.

I first got to Dam No. 5, a historic site located in our northern border area. There stood a notice board carrying the following words: "The units of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army under the personal command of Comrade Kim Il Sung successfully made the arduous march breaking through the enemy's large-scale encirclement in the winter between 1938 and 1939 and crossed in May 1939 the River Amnok-gang at this point to advance into the homeland." Before the board I paused for a while, listening to the explanation of the curator.

This is the point which the anti-Japanese guerillas under the command of the Leader passed through in May 18, 1939 to advance into the Musan area in the homeland.

In those days the fascist suppression by the Japanese imperialists reached the highest pitch and the dark clouds hung low over the motherland.

The Japanese imperialists intensified their fascist suppression and economic plunder of the Korean people as never before in a frantic attempt to bring the Sino-Japanese war to conclusion and spread the aggressive war on the continent.

Meanwhile, they stepped up the "punitive offensive" against the units of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army (KPRA), reinforcing their border guards and ran hog-wild to destroy the revolutionary organizations in the border area and in the homeland.

Consequently, in the homeland and the northern border area many revolutionary organizations were destroyed, and many Communists were arrested, imprisoned and killed by the enemy. This spelled a great deal of difficulty to the Korean revolution.

At this critical juncture Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, held a meeting at Peitatingtzu in April 1939 and, after reviewing the then situation, presented a new struggle line for advancing into the homeland.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said in the following vein:

...Now that the enemies have failed in the winter "punitive operation" and returned dog-tired to their den, we should go over to an all-out counterattack, not giving them a breathing spell and prepare for advance into the homeland... Only by so doing, can we replenish in time our clothing, provisions and arms and reinforce our force, and advance again into our fatherland to light the torch of liberation before the people, restore the destroyed revolutionary organizations and encourage them to rise in the struggle with fresh strength....

After the meeting the Leader dealt one heavy blow after another at the enemy in the area along the River Amnok-gang to make preparations for the homeland operation.

It was May when he crossed the river at Dam No. 5 and arrived in the homeland personally leading his units. Azalea was then in full bloom in the homeland.

The Leader, smelling azaleas in his hand, said to his men with a thousand emotions:

"The Korean azalea is beautiful, indeed. The more you look at it, the more beautiful it looks."

I made my way to Chongbong, picturing in my mind the images of anti-Japanese guerillas who had been inflamed with a fire of patriotism, picking up the soil of their homeland to smell its fragrance.

Chongbong is the place where the guerillas camped and spent the first night after they arrived in the homeland. I looked around the sites where tents had been pitched and kitchen installed, and proceeded to the site where had been the Headquarters, the heart and brain of the Korean revolution.

A white tent was now pitched there being modelled after the original one. The ashes of the camp fire were still kept there.

I stood there for quite a while, picturing in my mind the image of Comrade Kim Il Sung who had been elaborating on the operational plans in the tent, listening to the rustle of trees in the forest and thinking of his fellow countrymen groaning under the jackboots of Japanese imperialism, till late in the night when his men, overwhelmed with excitement and joy over their camping in the homeland, had fallen asleep.

On the bark of trees in the camping ground I read the following slogans written by the KPRA men: "Let's fight to the last for the freedom, independence and liberation of the Korean nation!" "Korean youth, come out losing no time and join actively in the anti-Japanese war!"

These militant catchwords that had roused the people to the struggle still stirred up our mind, though over 30 years had passed since then.

After having looked around the Chongbong bivouacking ground I took the same course as taken by the guerillas at the time of the battle in the Musan area and arrived at the Lake Samjiyon via Konchang and Begaebong camping grounds.

At the time the Leader ordered his men to take a rest at the lake, and encouraged them, saying: **"Samjiyon is beautiful and its water is sweet. After drinking it to the full, let's fight the enemy with all our might to liberate our country."**

He said to his men that they would build the rest houses there after they won victory in the revolution. This was realized some 20 years later; in May 1958 he visited the lake and gave an instruction to build rest houses there. Fine rest houses were now erected at the lake side, as encouraged them to wage the anti-Japanese, national-liberation struggle, explaining to them the lofty mission of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army.

From Sinsadong I went to the old battlefield in the Taehongdan plain passing by that in Singaechok to which the 7th regiment had advanced, as mentioned above.

The Taehongdan plain is situated 1,200 metres high above the sea level on the eastern slope of Mt. Paekdu-san. I felt my heart warmed, when I saw the scenes of old battles fought fiercely at that time— the machinegun positions on a mound in the forest and empty shells and splinters scattered here and there. Many years had passed since the battle. But everything here was telling vividly what happened in the morning on May 23, 1939.

That day Comrade Kim Il Sung left Sinsadong and ambushed his unit in a favourable point in the forest of the Taehongdan plain, in order to wipe out the enemy which would come pursuing the 7th regiment from the direction of Changpyong.

His tactics went right. When the sun rose, several hundreds of Japanese border guards and policemen armed with heavy firearms came in pursuit.

Comrade Kim Il Sung wiped them out completely by applying superb decoying tactics and ambush tactics.

A mountain of the enemy bodies was thus made in the plain.

The offensive battle in the Musan area ended in a great victory which would long shine in the history of the national-liberation struggle in Korea.

This was a splendid victory of the *Juche* idea of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung; it was attributable to his strategic line of advancing into the homeland and to his pre-eminent tactics.

It firmly convinced the Korean people of the forthcoming victory of the Korean revolution, brought about a new upsurge in it and proved a serious blow, political and military, at the Japanese imperialist aggressors.

Winding up my excursion to the old battlefield in the Musan area covering the area from Dam No. 5 to the Taehongdan plain, I felt greater pride in having Comrade Kim Il Sung as the Leader and renewed my determination to remain a soldier immensely loyal to him.

Kim Jae Ok

Happy Constructors under the Affectionate Care of the Leader

Our builders are now greeting the significant Constructors' Day (May 21) instituted by their fatherly Leader.

In the arduous days of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung had brought to maturity a great plan to build a paradise for the people in the to-be-liberated fatherland. Right after liberation he suggested the project for improving the Potong-gang River and took himself the first shovel to break the ground, calling our constructors to the vigorous struggle for building a new country. And in each stage of the development of revolution he indicated the way for them to follow. In particular, he set forth the original policy for industrialization in construction, its key points being standardization and specification in designing, production of building materials by the industrial method and mechanization of operations in construction, and the wise policy for concentrating efforts on the major projects of construction. Through these policies, he ensured that the construction work made a steady, leaping development.

Our constructors built towns and villages and erected big, monumental industrial establishments and cultural institutions with miraculous rapidity everywhere. As a result, our country took on quite a new look in a short span of time, putting an end to the centuries-old backwardness left over from the colonial, semi-feudal society.

This great change is inseparably associated with the profound care and love of the fatherly Leader for the constructors, which are higher than the mountain and deeper than the ocean.

In the pre-liberation days, those builders wandered from one construction site to another and they were forced to work 12-16 hours a day, bled white by the Japanese imperialists and contractors. They were not treated as an equal, undergoing all sorts of humiliation and suffering from extreme hunger. But now the fatherly Leader enfolded them to his broad bosom and brought them up into full-fledged workers, into masters of the country and into socialist builders.

At the construction sites he visited, the Leader always highly commended the builders for their success, though small, and encouraged them to a fresh victory. On one occasion, he met a girl plasterer who boldly made a new technical innovation in her work, shattering conservatism and passivism. Upon hearing her experience, he praised her, giving words of encouragement. Under his care she later grew into a Labour Heroine and deputy to the Supreme People's Assembly. Such a concern is not confined to her alone.

The fatherly Leader had many research centres and schools of various levels built for constructors. Consequently, numerous competent builders have been trained.

Many of the construction workers, trained under the Leader's care, obtained the degree of Master of Science and doctorate and became Labour Heroes and deputies to the SPA.

The benevolent fatherly Leader who holds all of the construction workers as dear as gold shows meticulous concern for their life. On another occasion, he visited a building site and looked to every facet of the constructors' life and then said earnestly: **...What is most important for carrying out this project successfully is to ensure good supply services for the constructors and proper conditions for their rest....**

The Leader took measures to see that construction machine factories were built in many places to supply modern machines to the construction sites. This is not all. Whenever he went to construction sites for on-the-spot guidance, he gave earnest advice to actively mechanize the work to make workers' labour easier. The fatherly Leader even visited dormitories and dining rooms to acquaint himself in detail with their living condition.

One day in mid-summer, the fatherly Leader, mindful of those working in the sweltering heat at the construction site of the capital, instructed the personnel concerned to supply more cooling beverages and between-meal food to them. Besides, he picked himself fruits in his garden orchard to send them to the constructors.

Happy indeed is our constructors living under the affection of the Leader who cares for them more deeply than real parents do for their own children.

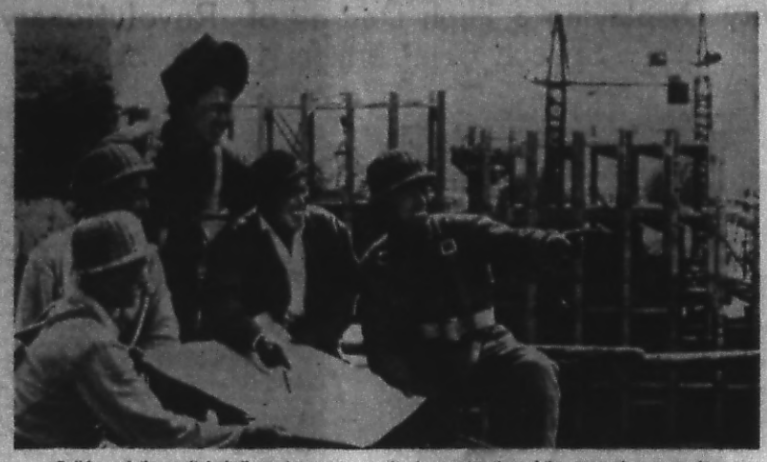
In our country there are hospitals, rest homes, health resorts and sanatoria built exclusively for the construction workers. All of them are issued seasonal work clothes, caps and shoes according to their working condition, plus various kinds of labour protection materials. And they are provided with nutritious food, too.

That is why they work and live with a firm resolve to remain infinitely loyal to the fatherly Leader with singlehearted devotion.

Last year they successfully pushed ahead the construction of large factories and enterprises for electric, metallurgical and chemical industries, completed 3,950 projects and built great numbers of dwelling houses in the urban and rural areas.

Now our constructors are working with increased vigour to attain a new fighting goal—pre-schedule fulfilment of the grand programme of the Six-Year Plan put forward by the fatherly Leader.

Li Chan Sun



Builders of the capital chalk up innovatory results in construction of the gymnasium every day

Invincible Is the Just Cause of the African Peoples for Freedom and Liberation

The African peoples greet the "Day of African Liberation" on May 25 in the thick of the anti-imperialist, national-liberation struggle to abolish the imperialist colonial system under which they have been oppressed and plundered for centuries.

On this occasion, the Korean people extend firm militant solidarity to the African peoples who have turned out to accomplish the just cause for the complete liberation of the continent and for their independence and freedom, and warmly hail all the successes they have scored in the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle.

In the African continent the imperialist colonial system is shaken to its foundation as a result of the anti-imperialist, national-liberation struggle which is getting fiercer with each passing day.

The peoples of many countries in Africa who broke the cursed colonial fetters and won independence and freedom through their protracted, blood-shed struggle have been fighting continually under the banner of anti-imperialism and independence to further consolidate national independence, build independent national economy and attain social progress, and they are making great achievements in their struggle.

Meanwhile, the peoples of other African countries still groaning under the imperialist colonial rule are waging the sanguinary armed struggle against the foreign imperialist aggressive forces and their lackeys to strike one serious blow after another at them and further hasten Africa's complete liberation.

Scared at the unquenchable flames of the anti-imperialist, national-liberation struggle in Africa, the U.S.-led imperialists and colonialists are trying by hook or by crook to bar the peoples of this continent from making the historic advance and restore their old position.

The U.S. imperialists, whipping together the stooges and reactionaries, are hell-bent on the incessant, subversive acts, sabotages and plots for coup in a number of Africa's newly independent countries and are leaving no stone unturned to bring the peoples of these countries again under neo-colonialist yoke. Nor is that all. They are instigating the Portuguese colonialists and the Vorster and Smith racist gangsters to repress by force of arms the African peoples who have risen up in the national-liberation struggle.

With no amount of desperate manoeuvre, however, can the imperialists and colonialists fulfil their aggressive ambition.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the Korean people, said:

"We... express firm militant solidarity with the struggle of the peoples of Guinea (Bissau), Angola, Mozambique, South Africa, Zimbabwe and Namibia against imperialism, colonialism and racism and for freedom and liberation and with the just struggle of all the African peoples for the complete liberation and unity of Africa."

The Korean people scathingly condemn the imperialists and their cat's paws for their vicious schemes against the African peoples, and send full support and firm solidarity to the just struggle of the African peoples for the complete liberation.

The days are gone when the U.S.-led imperialists and colonialists could ride roughshod over the African continent.

The imperialists will surely and completely be driven out of the continent by the ever-mounting anti-imperialist, anti-colonialist struggle of the African peoples.

Invincible is the just cause of the African peoples for the freedom and liberation.

Chin Bang Hun

Combatants of the Patriotic Armed Forces of Guinea (Bissau) fully ready for action

"Reversion of Okinawa" Farce — A Vicious Challenge to Asian Peace

On May 15, vice-president Agnew, a war servant of U.S. imperialism, and the emperor of Japan, Eisaku Sato, prime minister of the reactionary Japanese government, and others got together in Tokyo to stage a deceptive farce of the "reversion" of the "administration" over Okinawa.

This "reversion" farce staged allegedly to transfer to Japan the "administration" over Okinawa while keeping intact nuclear and military bases of U.S. imperialism there is designed to further strengthen the military alignments of the U.S. and Japanese reactionaries for their joint aggression in Asia. It is an attempt to hoodwink and flout the Japanese people who demand the unconditional and total return of Okinawa. It is also a vicious challenge to peace in Asia and the rest of the world.

Through their buffoonery of the humiliating "reversion of Okinawa," the Sato group have again betrayed their dirty cloven hoofs as a band of traitors and bellicose aggressors who fawn upon and kowtow to their U.S. imperialist master, trampling upon the national interests of the Japanese people.

The farcical "reversion of Okinawa" is an intrigue to tighten still more the military and political collusion and collaborations between the United States and Japan, convert the whole territory of Japan into a nuclear base of U.S. imperialism, speed up the rearming of Japanese militarism and intensify the manoeuvres of aggression and war in the Far East and Asia in accordance with the "new Asia policy" of U.S. imperialism and in compliance with the needs of Japanese militarism for overseas expansion.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, pointed out as follows:

"The U.S. imperialists have long since been following the policy of using Japanese militarism as the 'shock force' in their Asian aggression, and the Japanese militarists, availing themselves of it, have been manoeuvring to achieve their goals."

("On Immediate Political and Economic Policies of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and Some International Problems," Eng. ed., p. 33.)

Driven to bay in face of the tenacious anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle of the Asian revolutionary peoples, the U.S. imperialists are seeking to utilize Japan's military and economic potentialities in carrying on their war of aggression and the Japanese militarists, taking advantage of it, are leaving no means untried to realize their old dream of a "Greater East Asia Co-prosperity Sphere" as a reward for their service to U.S. imperialism as a "shock force" in its Asian aggression. The principal aim pursued by the Sato group in stationing their forces of aggression, the heavily armed "self-defence forces," in Okinawa Island under the excuse of "reversion of Okinawa" is to further perfect the U.S.-Japan joint operation system for Asian aggression and establish an emergency mobilization system to herd out Japanese aggression troops in their aggressive moves against Korea and other socialist countries in Asia.

In exchange for the "return" of the "administration" of Okinawa, the Sato group promised their overlord, the U.S. imperialists, that they will bear a heavier "responsibility" for the "defence of the Republic of Korea" and serve as the frontline "shock force" in the aggression on Korea. This reveals that the U.S.-Japan military compact and aggressive manoeuvres are mainly directed against Korea.

With the "reversion of Okinawa" farce as an occasion, the Sato group have brought into the open their scheme to annex Tiaoyu Island of China in a brigandish way, include Taiwan in their "sphere of defence" and realize their imperialist aggressive designs on the People's Republic of China.

At the "Okinawa reversion ceremony," Sato jabbered that he would make Okinawa play the role of a "bridge of friendship and co-operation" linking Japan and other states in Asia and the Pacific. This is but a revelation of their black-hearted intention to turn Okinawa into a base for their Asian aggression.

Now that the military bases of U.S. imperialism and its aggressive forces remain in Okinawa and more Japanese aggression troops are being sent there, it is clear that the island will be used as an important military bridgehead of U.S. and Japanese reactionaries for Asian aggression, as a base for their overseas military aggression.

The U.S. imperialists and Japanese militarists, however, must look straight at the reality and must not act indiscreetly.

Asia today is different from what it was yesterday, and the Japanese people at present is not like the Japanese people before.

The Japanese people are now strongly denouncing the humiliating and fraudulent "Okinawa reversion" farce and stubbornly fighting for the unconditional and total return of Okinawa.

The Korean people give active support to the Japanese people in their just struggle and express firm militant solidarity with them in it.

Our people, hand in hand with the Japanese people, will resolutely fight for the repeal of the "U.S.-Japan security pact" and the "ROK-Japan treaty" and for peace in Asia and the world against the aggressive moves of the U.S. imperialists and Japanese militarists.

The Sato group who staged the deceitful farce of the "reversion of Okinawa" will not escape destruction, and the Japanese people will surely win victory in their righteous struggle for the unconditional and total return of Okinawa.

Han Dok Yon

11th Working-level Meeting of Preliminary Talks between North and South Korean Red Cross Organizations Held

The 11th working-level meeting of the preliminary talks between the north and south Korean Red Cross organizations for drafting the agenda of the full-dress talks was held at Panmunjom on May 19.

According to a statement of the spokesman of the delegation of the Red Cross Society of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the working personnel of the two sides continued at the meeting the exchange of views for drafting the agenda of the full-dress talks.

It was agreed upon to decide the date of the 12th working-level meeting through the permanent telephone liaison centers at Panmunjom.

Dynamic Advance of Chongryon under the Banner of Juche Idea

May 25 this year marks the 17th anniversary of the founding of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongryon) on the initiative of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the sun of the nation and the great Leader of the revolution.

The formation of Chongryon was a great victory of the invincible *Juche* idea of the Leader and a priceless fruition of his wise leadership. It was a historic event that brought about a radical turn in the struggle and life of our 600,000 compatriots in Japan.

With the formation of Chongryon, the movement of the Koreans in Japan took the road of new development as a genuine, overseas compatriots movement invariably under the unitary guidance of the Leader and with his *Juche* idea as the only guiding compass. The Koreans in Japan, while living in the alien land, have devoted their all to the struggle for the fatherland and the people strictly on the *Juche*-oriented stand.

For the past 17 years Chongryon has advanced dynamically under the banner of the great *Juche* idea and thus scored great successes the like of which can scarcely be found in the world history of overseas compatriots movements.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"...The General Association of Korean Residents in Japan achieved great successes in all fields by splendidly embodying the *Juche* idea of our Party under the difficult and complicated circumstances constantly attended with the national persecution and subversive machinations and sabotages by the enemies within and without."

Chongryon, first of all, armed its functionaries and the compatriots in Japan firmly with the great *Juche* idea and rallied them closely around the Leader and the Government of our Republic. As a result, they became the revolutionary soldiers who remain loyal to the Leader and who do not wave in the least under any adverse circumstances. Moreover, Chongryon further consolidated the unity and cohesion of its ranks with Comrade Chairman Han Dok Su immensely faithful to the Leader as the central figure, under the system of the great *Juche* idea, and reinforced itself into a dignified organization of overseas citizens of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, which is not shaken in whatever storms and stresses.

Every house of the Koreans in Japan today has the portrait of the great Leader put up with reverence. And in all places there is the "Room for Study of the Revolutionary History of Marshal Kim Il Sung" arranged with utmost care. The Chongryon functionaries and compatriots in Japan, using it as a centre for ideological education, are pushing ahead vigorously with the work of deeply studying and acquiring the Leader's great revolutionary ideas.

Chongryon has also made dazzling achievements in its struggle for the defence of the democratic, national rights of the Korean citizens in Japan, smashing at every step the national persecution, subversive machinations and sabotages by the enemies within and without.

By splendidly carrying into practice the *Juche*-oriented, educational thought of the great Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung and his policy of education for the overseas compatriots, it has firmly defended the right of the compatriots in Japan to democratic, national education.

Chongryon under the wise guidance and fatherly affection of the respected and beloved Leader built in all parts of Japan 159 schools of various levels ranging from primary school up to university, where the national education by our mother tongue is given to the Korean youth and children to train them as the national cadres who are infinitely loyal to the Leader and who will serve their fatherland.

Furthermore, through a vigorous struggle involving all the compatriots in Japan, Chongryon foiled the intrigues which the Japanese militarists, under the manipulation of U.S. imperialism and in collusion with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, hatched for forcing our compatriots in Japan to acquire the puppet nationality and file "applications for denizenship." Thus it enabled thousands of our compatriots in Japan to regain the DPRK nationality. Besides, Chongryon put up a determined fight against the schemes of the reactionary Sato government authorities to rig up fascist laws including the "emigration and immigration bill." In so doing, it defended more firmly the rights of the Koreans in Japan as DPRK citizens and added luster to their honour.

Under the profound concern of the Leader, Chongryon ensured satisfactorily the work for their repatriation to the DPRK through a hard-fought struggle against the reactionaries within and without. In consequence, more than 90,000 compatriots in Japan have been embraced to the bosom of their glorious socialist motherland. Further, by waging a forceful struggle for free travel to the homeland, Chongryon saw that compatriots in Japan had visited it on six occasions.

Wholeheartedly upholding the policy laid down by the respected and beloved Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung for the country's independent, peaceful reunification, Chongryon strengthened the national unity of the compatriots in Japan and gave powerful support and encouragement to the south Korean people's struggle against U.S. imperialism and Japanese militarism and against fascism and for democracy. Thus it made a great contribution to the promotion of the cause of national reunification.

In accordance with the independent, principled foreign policy of the DPRK Government, set forth by the great Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung, Chongryon has registered brilliant successes also in its external activities to strengthen the ties of friendship with the progressive peoples of the world including the Japanese people. Particularly, Chongryon saw to it that "Kim Il Sung: Selected Works" and the Leader's other immortal works of genius and his biography "General Kim Il Sung, the Sun of the Nation" and other books on his revolutionary history were translated and published on a big scale. In this way, it gave wide publicity to his great revolutionary ideas among the people at large all over the world.

Indeed, in the past period Chongryon and Korean nationals in Japan have covered the worthy path of victory and glory, braving all kinds of difficulties and trials, and rendered great services to the fatherland and the people.

The proud achievements made by Chongryon and the compatriots in Japan are a shining victory of the great *Juche* idea of the respected and beloved Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung and a fruit of his wise leadership and paternal concern.

The respected and beloved Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung, who had set out on the revolution in his early years with the destiny of the fatherland and the nation on his shoulders, elaborated on a far-sighted plan to save the overseas Koreans from dire straits, linking the question of overseas compatriots, a question that arose at the time when our nation was in agonizing distress owing to the sanguinary colonial rule of Japanese imperialism, closely with the sacred revolutionary cause for the fatherland's restoration and the nation's prosperity.

The great Leader accomplished the historic cause of restoration of the fatherland by organizing and leading the 15-year long anti-Japanese armed struggle unprecedented in arduousness, established the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the glorious fatherland, and bestowed on the compatriots in Japan the honour of being citizens of the DPRK.

Basing himself on the immortal *Juche* idea, the Leader founded a unique idea and theory on the movement of overseas compatriots that the movement of Koreans in Japan should become a patriotic movement which fully serves the Korean revolution and ensured that Chongryon was organized as a genuine advocate of the will, rights and interests of the Korean residents in Japan and he gave scientific elucidation of the guiding principles and ways of their movement.

Though he is so busy with the state affairs, the Leader, not forgetting even a moment the compatriots living in the foreign land of Japan, looks after them with the affection warmer than that of real parents.

Through the promulgation of the Law on the Nationality of the DPRK, the Leader fully guaranteed the legal status of the compatriots in Japan.

And by opening the sea route of their repatriation, he translated into reality their long-cherished desire to break away from the bitter life in the alien land and enjoy a new, happy life in the tender bosom of the daily-prospering socialist motherland.

The fatherly Leader sent a huge sum of educational aid fund and scholarship —11,835,000,000 or more yen (Japanese currency)—on 44 occasions to this date since 1957 when the situation in the homeland was difficult, in addition to tens of thousands of copies of educational books and plenty of school supplies and equipment, with the result that the pressing desire of the Koreans in Japan for education of their children has been gratified.

The fatherly Leader showed such a deep concern as to award the title of Labour Hero, the highest honour of the DPRK citizens, to Comrade Han Dok Su, Chairman of the Chongryon Central Standing Committee, and confer the Order of Kim Il Sung, the highest decoration of the DPRK, on him and several other cadres of Chongryon. Moreover, he awarded high decorations, academic degrees, professorship and other honourable titles to many fellow countrymen in Japan and honoured representatives of compatriots in Japan with deputyship to the DPRK Supreme People's Assembly.

Only a new, greater victory and glory is in store for Chongryon which continues to advance dynamically under the banner of the immortal *Juche* idea of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, enjoying his wise leadership and paternal solicitude.

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